

Passage de 1D à 3D

(1D)

$$\sigma = \frac{F}{S}$$

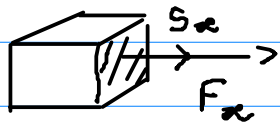
$$\varepsilon = \frac{\partial u}{\partial x}$$

$$\dot{\varepsilon} = \dot{\gamma} = \frac{\partial v}{\partial x}$$

(3D)

contrainte

$$\sigma_{ij} = \frac{F_i}{S_j}$$



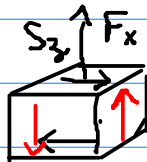
$$\sigma_{xx} = \frac{F_x}{S_x}$$

contrainte de
compression/
traction

⚠ $\vec{S}_x$ = vecteurs sortants

$\sigma_{xx} > 0$ traction

$\sigma_{xx} < 0$ compression



$$\sigma_{xy} = \frac{F_x}{S_y}$$

contrainte de
cisaillement

$$\underline{\underline{\sigma}} = \begin{bmatrix} \sigma_{xx} & \sigma_{xy} & \sigma_{xz} \\ \sigma_{yx} & \sigma_{yy} & \sigma_{yz} \\ \sigma_{zx} & \sigma_{zy} & \sigma_{zz} \end{bmatrix}$$

= tenseur symétrique
 $\sigma_{ij} = \sigma_{ji}$

déformation

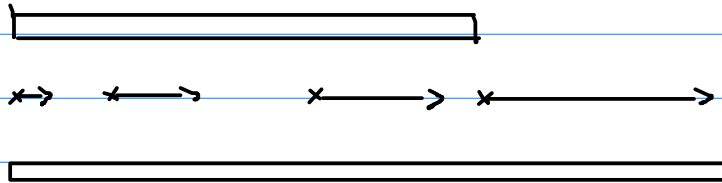
$$\varepsilon_{ij} \leftrightarrow \frac{\partial u_i}{\partial x_j}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial u_x}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial u_x}{\partial y} & \frac{\partial u_x}{\partial z} \\ \frac{\partial u_y}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial u_y}{\partial y} & \frac{\partial u_y}{\partial z} \\ \frac{\partial u_z}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial u_z}{\partial y} & \frac{\partial u_z}{\partial z} \end{bmatrix}$$

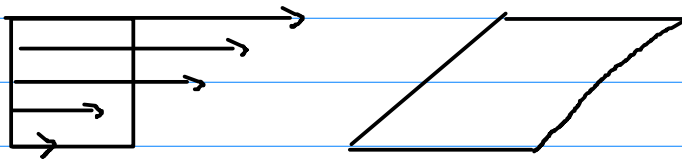
tenseur des
gradients de
déplacement

$$= \underbrace{\underline{\underline{\varepsilon}}}_{\text{partie symétrique}} + \underbrace{\underline{\underline{\omega}}}_{\text{partie antisymétrique}}$$

$$\varepsilon_{ij} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial u_i}{\partial x_j} + \frac{\partial u_j}{\partial x_i} \right)$$



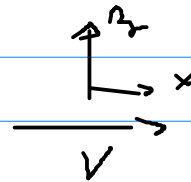
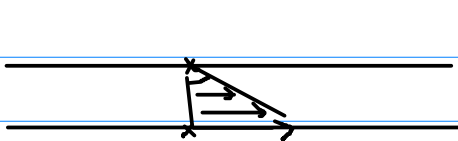
$\varepsilon_{xx} = \text{dilatation}$



$\varepsilon_{xy} = \text{cisaillement}$

taux de déformation

$$\dot{\varepsilon}_{ij} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial \dot{u}_i}{\partial x_j} + \frac{\partial \dot{u}_j}{\partial x_i} \right)$$



$$\frac{\partial \dot{u}_x}{\partial x}$$

$$\dot{\varepsilon}_{xx} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial \dot{u}_x}{\partial x}$$

Loi de Hook



$$\varepsilon_{xx} = \frac{\sigma_{xx}}{E}$$

$$\varepsilon_{yy} = \varepsilon_{zz} = -\frac{\nu}{E} \sigma_{xx}$$

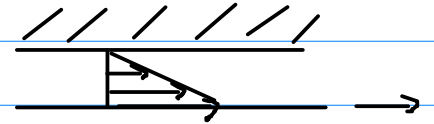
$$\left| \begin{aligned} \varepsilon_{xx} &= \frac{\sigma_{xx}}{E} - \frac{\nu}{E} \sigma_{yy} - \frac{\nu}{E} \sigma_{zz} \\ \varepsilon_{yy} &= \\ \varepsilon_{zz} &= \end{aligned} \right.$$

$$\varepsilon_{xy} = \frac{\sigma_{xy}}{2\mu} \quad \varepsilon_{yz} = \frac{\sigma_{yz}}{2\mu} \quad \varepsilon_{yz} = \frac{\sigma_{yz}}{2\mu}$$

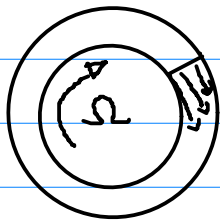
$\mu = \text{module de cisaillement}$

Loi des fluides Newtoniens

$$\underline{\underline{\tau}} = 2\eta \underline{\underline{\dot{\varepsilon}}}$$



$$\tau_{xz} = \eta \frac{\partial v_x}{\partial z}$$



$$\tau_{r\theta} = \eta \left(\frac{\partial v_\theta}{\partial r} - \frac{v_\theta}{r} \right)$$