

Homework #1

Given by: Prof. Dhande When: 13th / 01

Exercise - 1

Solution in English:

- 1) Let $x_{\min} \leq x_{\max}$, $y_{\min} \leq y_{\max}$,
with $x_{\min}, x_{\max}, y_{\min}, y_{\max} \in \mathbb{R}$.
- 2) Input a point $P(x, y)$: $x \in \mathbb{R}$
 $y \in \mathbb{R}$
- 3) If $x_{\min} \leq x \leq x_{\max}$
and $y_{\min} \leq y \leq y_{\max}$:
- 4) Then P is in the workspace,
- 5) Else P is not in the workspace.

And that is enough.

Homework #1

Exercise.1.

Approximate Python code

(a program file is on Moodle)

```

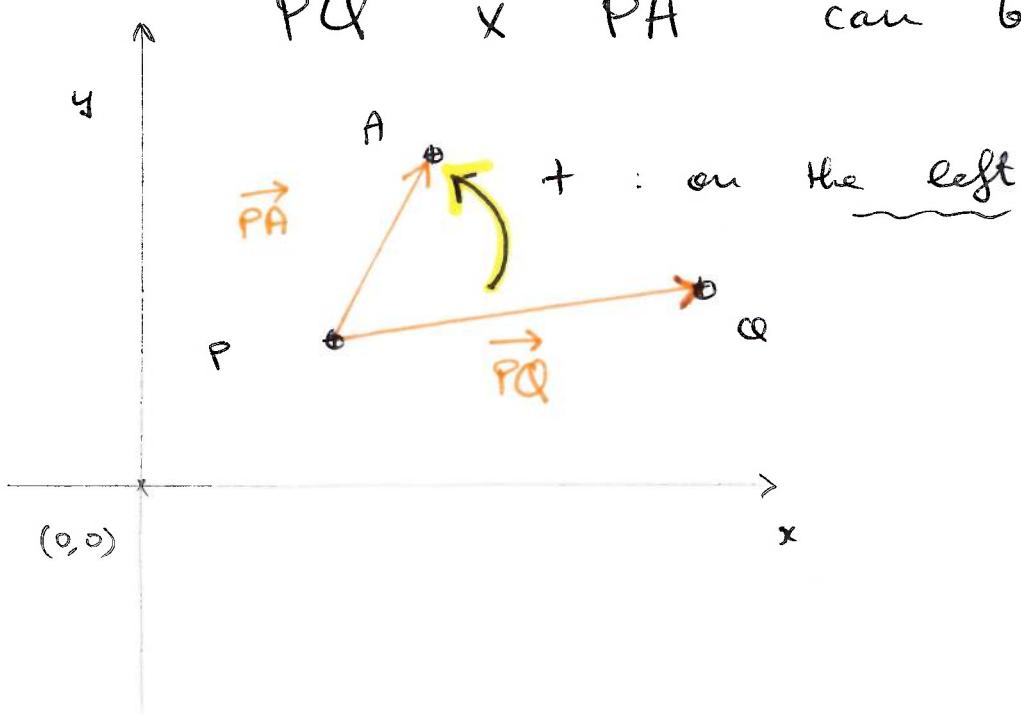
1 xmin, xmax = - 100, 100
2 ymin, ymax = - 100, 100
3 print "Please give the point P:"
4 x = input("Coordinate x = ")
5 y = input("Coordinate y = ")
6 # We use the "if" keyword to test.
7 if (ymin ≤ y ≤ ymax) and (xmin ≤ x ≤ xmax):
8     → | print "Point P is in the workspace!"
9     |   (indentation, at least one space)
10 else:
11     | print "Point P is outside the workspace."

```

Note: This Pythonic way to do a test,
 (a "if" log.) will be explained by
 Prof. Anya on the next lectures.

Homework #1**Exercise. 2 & 4**

Hint: to easily check if A is on, on the left or on the right of the line (P, Q), remember that the z coordinate of the cross product $\overrightarrow{PQ} \times \overrightarrow{PA}$ can be useful.



Reference: More details on the Internet:

[<https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/>]
 ↳ Cross_product # Computational
 ↳ geometry

on Wikipedia

Homework #1**Exercise 5**Solution in English:

- 1) Input an integer K ($K \in \mathbb{N}$)
 - 2) Let $m = 1$.
 - 3) While $m < 2 * K$ do:
 - 4) | print m
 - 5) | $m \leftarrow m + 2$ (increment m by 2)
-

One way to write it with Python:

```

1 K = input ("Give me an integer: k = ")
2 m = 1
3 while m < 2 * k :          # Prof Anya will explain
4     print m                 # more about while
5     m = m + 2               # loops.
                                # The syntax [m+=2]
                                # is also possible.
                                # (indentation)

```

Remark: we will see other approaches; like:

```
print " ".join([str(i) for i in xrange(1,2*k+1)])
```